

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

MICHELLE SWEENEY, on behalf of herself and)
all others similarly situated,)

Plaintiff,)

v.)

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION,)

Defendant.)

Case No. 17-cv-3353

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Michelle Sweeney (“Plaintiff”), through her undersigned attorneys, Barbat Mansour & Suci PLLC, Berger & Montague, P.C., Greg Coleman Law PC, and Taus, Cebulash & Landau, LLP, brings this Class Action Complaint against Defendant Costco Wholesale Corporation (“Costco” or “Defendant”), individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, and alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a class action brought by Plaintiff on behalf of all persons in the below-defined proposed Classes who purchased Trunature milk thistle herbal supplements, including, Trunature Milk Thistle (“Trunature MT”) and Trunature Liver Health Complex (collectively, the “Products”) from Costco.

2. “One of the fastest growing industries in the world is the nutritional supplement group, or more broadly known as Vitamins, Minerals and Supplements, or VMS. Producing about \$32 billion in revenue for just nutritional supplements alone in 2012, it is projected to double that

by topping \$60 billion in 2021 according to the Nutritional Business Journal.”¹

3. In order to reap substantial profits from the sale of nutritional supplements, many companies, including Costco, cut corners to keep manufacturing costs low for their products.

4. Unbeknownst to Plaintiff and Class members, who relied upon Costco’s labeling, the supplement Products sold by Costco contained just a fraction of the advertised amount of silymarin – the main component of milk thistle seeds - listed on the labels.

5. Despite having knowledge that the Products’ labeling is deceptive, misleading and constitutes a fraud on consumers, Costco continues to advertise, distribute, label, name, manufacture, market, and sell the Products in a false, misleading, unfair, and/or deceptive manner.

6. As a result of Costco’s unlawful and deceptive conduct, Plaintiff and the Class seek actual damages, injunctive and declaratory relief, interest, costs, and reasonable attorneys’ fees.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. This Court has jurisdiction over this controversy pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d), Plaintiff’s claims and the claims of the other members of the Class exceed \$5,000,000 exclusive of interest and costs, and there are numerous Class members who are citizens of states other than Defendant’s states of citizenship.

8. This Court may exercise jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant is authorized to do business and in fact does business in this District and has sufficient minimum contacts in this District and/or intentionally avails itself of the markets in this State through the promotion, sale, marketing, and distribution of its products, such that the exercise of jurisdiction by this Court is both proper and necessary.

¹ *Nutritional Supplements Flexing Muscles As Growth Industry*, FORBES, <http://www.forbes.com/sites/davidlariviere/2013/04/18/nutritional-supplements-flexing-their-muscles-as-growth-industry/> (last visited on June 2, 2017).

9. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) and (c) because a substantial part of the events and omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this District and because Defendant transacts business and/or has agents in this District.

PARTIES

10. Plaintiff Michelle Sweeney is a resident of Plainview, New York. Plaintiff purchased Trunature Liver Health Complex with Milk Thistle in January 2016 from Costco's online store.

11. Defendant Costco is a Washington corporation with a principal place of business located at 999 Lake Drive, Issaquah, WA 98027. As of August 2016, Costco, a publicly traded corporation, owned and operated over 400 warehouses throughout the United States and Puerto Rico.

12. Costco trademarked the name "Trunature."

13. Plaintiff reasonably relied on Costco's labeling, marketing and advertising in purchasing Trunature Liver Health Complex. Plaintiff purchased and used Trunature Liver Health Complex in reliance on Costco's misrepresentations and omissions. If Plaintiff had known that the product did not contain the promised ingredients as advertised and/or was not potent as advertised and labeled, she would not have purchased the product or would have paid less for it.

14. As a result of Costco's actions, Plaintiff and the Class did not receive the benefit of the bargain, suffered out-of-pocket losses and are entitled to restitution. Plaintiff and the Class have suffered injury-in-fact, damages and ascertainable losses of money or property by paying a premium to purchase Costco's Trunature Liver Health Complex based on Costco's inaccurate statements, for which they are entitled to seek monetary damages and other appropriate relief as set forth herein.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

15. The seeds of the milk thistle plant (*Silybum marianum*), a flowering herb related to the daisy and ragweed family, are used medicinally. Silymarin is the main active ingredient in milk thistle.

16. Consumers use milk thistle – silymarin - for a number of reasons, including as a natural treatment for liver problems such as cirrhosis, jaundice, hepatitis and gallbladder disorder. Dr. Oz’s website lists milk thistle as one of the 5 Liver Detox Superfoods as follows: “[m]ilk thistle seeds are most commonly used to treat, repair, and heal the liver. You can either drink a couple of cups of milk thistle tea every day, or take 140 mg of milk thistle supplement twice a day.”²

Costco’s False and Misleading Claims regarding the Products

17. Costco makes numerous representations on the label of Trunature Liver Health Complex, including the claim that two tablets (one serving) of the complex contain “Milk Thistle (*Silybum marianum*) extract (seed) 500 mg (standardized for 80% [400 mg] silymarin).”

² <http://www.doctoroz.com/gallery/5-liver-detox-superfoods?gallery=true&page=5> (last visited on June 2, 2017).



Supplement Facts	
Serving Size 2 Tablets	
Servings Per Container: 90	
Amount per Serving	% Daily Value
Sodium 5 mg	<1%*
Milk Thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>) extract (seed) 500 mg (standardized for 80% [400 mg] silymarin)	**
Proprietary Liver Complex 500 mg [N-Acetyl Cysteine, Dandelion (<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>) powder (root), Turmeric (<i>Curcuma longa</i>) powder (root)]	**
*Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.	
**Daily Value (DV) not established.	

18. Costco makes similar representations on the label of Trunature MT, including the claim that one softgel (one serving) of Trunature MT contains “Milk Thistle Extract (*Silybum marianum*) (seed) 200 mg (standardized to 80% [160 mg] silymarin).”



Supplement Facts	
Serving Size 1 Softgel	
Each Softgel Contains	% Daily Value
Milk Thistle Extract (<i>Silybum marianum</i>) (seed) (Standardized to 80% [160 mg] Silymarin)	200 mg *
* Daily Value not established.	

19. A reasonable consumer would expect, as Plaintiff did, that the label statements regarding the quantity of ingredients in and the purity of the Products would be truthful and not deceptive and misleading.

20. Plaintiff's counsel commissioned an independent laboratory analysis of the Products. The testing facility found that the Products contained only a fraction of the promised amounts of silymarin as follows:

Trunature Liver Health Complex contained 203 mg silymarins, which is **only slightly more than half** - 51% - of the promised amount of silymarin and **less than half** - 41% - of the promised amount of the extract.

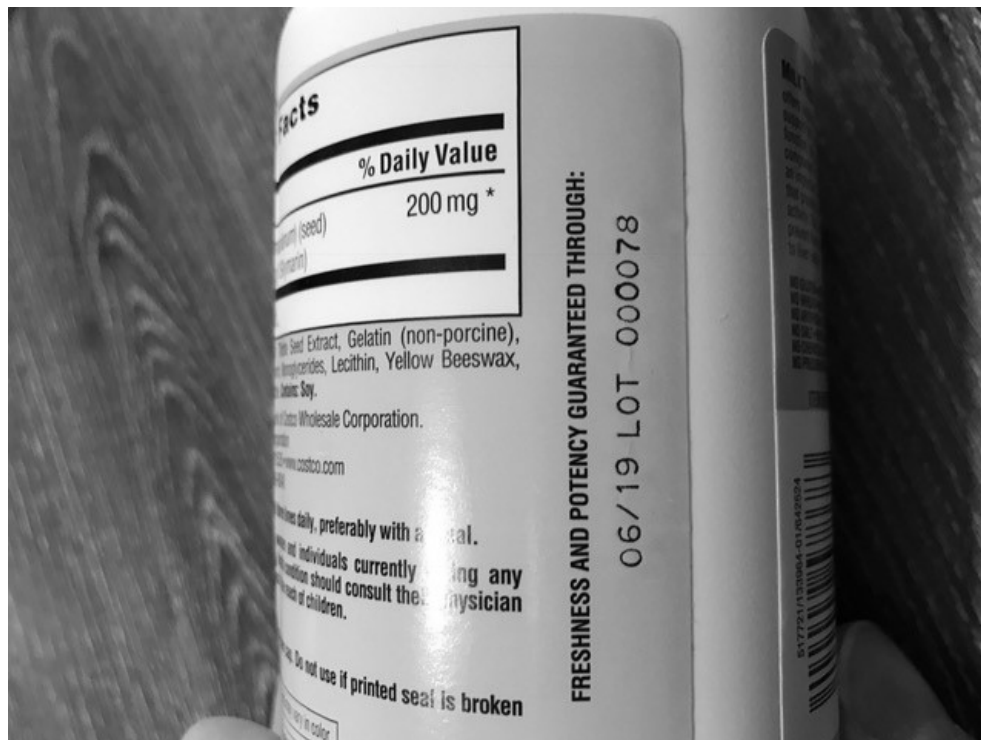
Trunature MT contained only 83.4 mg silymarins, which is **only slightly more than half** - 52% - of the promised amount of silymarin and **less than half** - 42% - of the promised amount of the extract.

21. Costco failed to disclose the true quantity of silymarins contained in the Products.

22. The use of milk thistle for liver health has scarce, if any, reliable scientific support through human clinical studies. With Costco's extremely low dosing of the active ingredient, Silymarin, there is no clinical benefit to the Products for liver health, and therefore the Products are useless.

23. As a result of Costco's practices, Plaintiff and Class members purchased a product that they would otherwise not have purchased and/or paid more for a milk thistle product than they would otherwise have paid.

24. As shown in the pictures below of Costco's labeling, Costco also falsely claims to guarantee the potency of the Products:



25. Because the Products did not contain the promised quantity of silymarins, Costco's claims regarding potency are false and misleading.

26. Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 321(ff), Costco's Products constitute "food" regulated by the FDCA, 21 U.S.C. § 301, *et seq.*, and other FDCA regulations.

27. Costco's false, deceptive and misleading label statements violate 21 U.S.C. § 343(a)(1) and the so-called "little FDCA" statutes adopted by many states,³ that deem food misbranded when "its labeling is false or misleading in any particular."

28. Costco's false, deceptive and misleading label statements are unlawful under state Unfair and Deceptive Acts and Practices Statutes and/or Consumer Protection Acts that prohibit unfair, deceptive or unconscionable acts in the conduct of trade or commerce.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

29. Plaintiff brings this action individually and as representatives of all those similarly situated pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a), 23(b)(2) and 23(b)(3) on behalf of the below-defined Classes:

National Class: All persons in the United States that purchased the Products.

New York Subclass: All persons in the State of New York that purchased the Products.

Excluded from the Classes are Costco and its affiliates, parents, subsidiaries, employees, officers, agents, and directors. Also excluded are any judicial officers presiding over this matter and members of their immediate families and judicial staff.

30. Certification of Plaintiff's claims is appropriate because Plaintiff can prove the elements of her claims on a class-wide basis using the same evidence as would be used to prove those elements in individual actions alleging the same claims.

31. **Numerosity** – The members of the Classes are so numerous that their individual

³ See, e.g., N.Y. Agric. & Mkts. Law § 201 (McKinney).

joinder herein is impracticable. The precise number of Class members is currently unknown but Class members who purchased the products may be ascertained from Costco's books and records and/or Class members can objectively identify whether they purchased the Products. Class members may be notified of the pendency of this action by mail, email, Internet postings, and/or publication.

32. **Commonality and Predominance** – Common questions of law and fact exist as to all Class members and predominate over questions affecting only individual Class members. Such common questions of law or fact include:

- a. Whether the Products were sold in containers with labels identifying the Products as containing a particular quantity of silymarin;
- b. Whether the Products were sold in containers with labels guaranteeing potency of the Products;
- c. The true amount of silymarins contained in the Products;
- d. Whether the Products were potent;
- e. Whether the marketing, advertising, packaging, labeling, and other promotional materials for the Products are deceptive;
- f. Whether Costco's actions violate the state consumer fraud statute invoked below;
- g. Whether Costco was unjustly enriched at the expense of Plaintiff and Class members; and
- h. Whether Costco breached an express warranty to Plaintiff and Class members.

33. Costco engaged in a common course of conduct giving rise to the legal rights sought to be enforced by Plaintiff and Class members. Similar or identical statutory and common law violations, business practices, and injuries are involved. Individual questions, if any, pale by

comparison, in both quality and quantity, to the numerous common questions that predominate in this action.

34. **Typicality** – Plaintiff’s claims are typical of the claims of the Class members because, among other things, all Class members were comparably injured through Costco’s uniform misconduct described above. Further, there are no defenses available to Costco that are unique to Plaintiff.

35. **Adequacy of Representation** – Plaintiff is an adequate Class representative because her interests do not conflict with the interests of the other Class members she seeks to represent, she has retained counsel competent and experienced in complex class action litigation, and she will prosecute this action vigorously. The Classes’ interests will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and her counsel, who are experienced in consumer law and class action law.

36. **Insufficiency of Separate Actions** – Absent a representative class action, members of the Classes would continue to suffer the harm described herein, for which they would have no remedy. Even if separate actions could be brought by individual consumers, the resulting multiplicity of lawsuits would cause undue hardship and expense for the Court and the litigants, as well as create a risk of inconsistent rulings and adjudications that might be dispositive of the interests of similarly situated purchasers, substantially impeding their ability to protect their interests, while establishing incompatible standards of conduct for Defendant. The proposed Classes thus satisfy the requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(1).

37. **Declaratory and Injunctive Relief** – Costco has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to Plaintiff and the Classes, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief and declaratory relief, as described below, with respect to the members of the Classes as a whole.

38. **Superiority** – A class action is superior to any other available means for the fair

and efficient adjudication of this controversy, and no unusual difficulties are likely to be encountered in the management of this class action. The damages or other financial detriment suffered by Plaintiff and Class members are relatively small compared to the burden and expense that would be required to individually litigate their claims against Defendant, so it would be impracticable for Class members to individually seek redress for Defendant's wrongful conduct. Even if Class members could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. Individualized litigation creates a potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgments, and increases the delay and expense to all parties and the court system. By contrast, the class action device presents far fewer management difficulties, and provides the benefits of single adjudication, economy of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court.

CLAIMS ALLEGED

COUNT I

Violation Of New York's General Business Law N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 349

(On Behalf Of The New York Subclass)

39. Plaintiff realleges all allegations above as if fully set forth herein.
40. Costco's business acts and practices alleged herein constitute deceptive acts or practices under the New York General Business Law, Deceptive Acts and Practices, N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 349 ("NYGBL").
41. Costco's practices, described throughout this Complaint, violate the NYGBL for, *inter alia*, one or more of the following reasons:
 - a. Costco unfairly and deceptively misrepresented the benefits and quality of its Products to its customers;

- b. Costco unfairly and deceptively advertised the actual quantity of ingredients of the Products; and
- c. Costco unfairly and deceptively omitted that the Products contained less silymarin than advertised.

42. Costco's conduct was also deceptive in that it violated the prohibition against false or misleading labeling in New York's Agriculture and Markets law, N.Y. Agric. & Mkts. Law § 1, *et seq.*

43. Costco's conduct in employing these unfair and deceptive trade practices was malicious, willful, wanton, and outrageous such as to shock the conscience of the community and warrant punitive damages.

44. Costco's actions impact the public interest because Plaintiff and Class members were injured in exactly the same way as thousands of others purchasing the herbal supplements with silymarin as a result of and pursuant to Costco's generalized course of deception.

45. The foregoing acts, omissions and practices proximately caused Plaintiff and the other members of the New York Subclass to suffer ascertainable losses, in an amount to be determined at trial, and Plaintiff and the Subclass are entitled to recover such damages, together with all other appropriate damages, attorneys' fees and costs of suit.

COUNT II

Breach Of Express Warranty (On Behalf Of The National Class and New York Subclass)

46. Plaintiff realleges all allegations above as if fully set forth herein.

47. Plaintiff and Class members formed a contract with Costco at the time they purchased the Products. The terms of the contract include the promises and affirmations of fact made by Costco on the Products' packaging and through marketing and advertising, as described

above. This labeling, marketing and advertising constitute express warranties and became part of the basis of the bargain, and are part of the standardized contract between Plaintiff and Class members, and Costco.

48. Costco purports through advertising, labeling, marketing and packaging to create an express warranty that the Products contained specific quantities of silymarins and guaranteed the potency of the product.

49. Plaintiff and the Class members performed all conditions precedent to Costco's liability under this contract when they purchased the Products.

50. Costco breached express warranties about the Products and its qualities because its statements about the Products were false and the Products do not conform to Costco's affirmations and promises as set forth above.

51. Plaintiff and Class members would not have purchased the Products had they known the true nature of the Products' ingredients and what the Products contained.

52. As a result of Costco's breach of express warranty, Plaintiff and Class members have been damaged in the amount of the purchase price of the Product and any consequential damages resulting from the purchases.

53. Within a reasonable time after she knew or should have known of such breach, Plaintiff, on behalf of herself and Class members, provided notice to Costco.

COUNT III

Breach of Implied Warranty (On Behalf of the National Class and New York Subclass)

54. Plaintiff realleges all allegations above as if fully set forth herein.

55. Costco is in the business of selling supplements to consumers such as Plaintiff and Class members, including, but not limited to, supplement products with silymarin.

56. Plaintiff and Class members purchased one of more supplements labeled with a specific quantity of silymarin.

57. At all times herein mentioned, Costco manufactured, tested, advertised, promoted, marketed, sold and/or distributed these supplements.

58. At the time Costco designed, researched, manufactured, tested, advertised, promoted, marketed, sold and/or distributed the supplements for use by Plaintiff and Class members, it knew of the uses for which the supplements were intended, and impliedly warranted the Products to be of merchantable quality.

59. Costco's representations and warranties were false, misleading, and inaccurate, in that the supplements were not of merchantable quality because the products were defective, would not pass without objection in the trade, were not fit for ordinary purposes, and did not conform the promises on labeling.

60. Plaintiff and the Class reasonably relied on said implied warranty of merchantability.

61. Plaintiff and the Class reasonably relied on the skill and judgment of Costco as to whether the supplements were of merchantable quality.

62. The supplements were injected into the stream of commerce by Costco despite the fact that the supplements were expected to and did reach users, handlers, and persons coming into contact with the products without substantial change in the condition in which they were sold.

63. Costco breached its implied warranties, because the products were defective, could not deliver on the advertised claims, would not pass without objection in the trade, and were not fit for ordinary purposes.

64. As a direct and proximate result of Costco's breach of implied warranties, Plaintiff

and Class members suffered and/or will continue to be harmed and suffer economic loss.

65. As a direct and proximate result of the foregoing acts and/or omissions, Plaintiff and Class members have suffered damages, and are entitled to compensatory damages, costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

COUNT IV

Unjust Enrichment

(In The Alternative And On Behalf Of The National Class and New York Subclass)

66. Plaintiff realleges all allegations above as if fully set forth herein.

67. Plaintiff and Class members conferred benefits on Costco by purchasing the Products.

68. Costco has been unjustly enriched in retaining the revenues derived from Plaintiff and Class members' purchases of the Products. Retention of those monies under the circumstances is unjust and inequitable because Costco's labeling of the Products was misleading to consumers, which caused injuries to Plaintiff and Class members because they would have not purchased the Products if the true facts were known.

69. Because Costco's retention of the benefits conferred on them by Plaintiff and Class members are unjust and inequitable, it must pay restitution to Plaintiff and Class members for its unjust enrichment as ordered by the Court.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and Class members respectfully request that the Court:

A. Certify the Classes pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;

- B. Award damages, including compensatory, exemplary, statutory, incidental, consequential, actual, and punitive damages to Plaintiff and the Classes in an amount to be determined at trial;
- C. Award Plaintiff and the Classes their expenses and costs of suit, prejudgment interest, post-judgment interest, and reasonable attorneys' fees;
- D. Grant restitution to Plaintiff and the Classes and require Defendant to disgorge its ill-gotten gains;
- E. Permanently enjoin Defendant from engaging in the unlawful conduct set forth herein; and
- F. Grant any and all such other relief as the Court deems appropriate.

Dated: June 5, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Kevin Landau

Kevin Landau

Miles Greaves

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*Counsel for Plaintiff and
the Proposed Classes*

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Michelle Sweeney

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Nassau
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)
Taus, Cebulash & Landau, LLP, 80 Maiden Lane, Suite 1204, New York,
NY 10038, Tel: (646) 873-7654

DEFENDANTS

Costco Wholesale Corporation

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant King County, Washington
(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF
THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- ☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff
- ☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant
- ☐ 3 Federal Question
(U.S. Government Not a Party)
- ☒ 4 Diversity
(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- | | PTF | DEF | | PTF | DEF |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Citizen of This State | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 |
| Citizen of Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | Foreign Nation | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 367 Health Care/Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 375 False Claims Act <input type="checkbox"/> 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) <input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit <input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act
REAL PROPERTY <input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	CIVIL RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other <input type="checkbox"/> 448 Education	PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: <input type="checkbox"/> 463 Alien Detainee <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty Other: <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition <input type="checkbox"/> 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	FEDERAL TAX SUITS <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 896 Arbitration <input type="checkbox"/> 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- ☒ 1 Original Proceeding
- ☐ 2 Removed from State Court
- ☐ 3 Remanded from Appellate Court
- ☐ 4 Reinstated or Reopened
- ☐ 5 Transferred from Another District (specify)
- ☐ 6 Multidistrict Litigation - Transfer
- ☐ 8 Multidistrict Litigation - Direct File

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

28 U.S.C. 1332

Brief description of cause:

Defendant misrepresented the amount of silymarin in its Live Health Complex and Milk Thistle products

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

☒ CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.

DEMAND \$

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:

JURY DEMAND: ☒ Yes ☐ No**VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY**

(See instructions):

JUDGE

DOCKET NUMBER

DATE

06/05/2017

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

/s/ Kevin S. Landau

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT #

AMOUNT

APPLYING IFP

JUDGE

MAG. JUDGE

CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

I, Kevin Landau, counsel for Plaintiff, do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is ineligible for compulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):

- ☒ monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,
- ☒ the complaint seeks injunctive relief,
- ☐ the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1

Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more of its stocks:

RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)

Please list all cases that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) provides that "A civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or because the cases arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the same judge and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil case: (A) involves identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power of a judge to determine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the court."

NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)

- 1.) Is the civil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk County? No
- 2.) If you answered "no" above:
- a) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk County? Yes
- b) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern District? Yes

If your answer to question 2 (b) is "No," does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County, or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County? _____

(Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).

BAR ADMISSION

I am currently admitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court.

☒ Yes ☐ No

Are you currently the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court?

☐ Yes (If yes, please explain) ☒ No

I certify the accuracy of all information provided above.

Signature: /s/ Kevin S. Landau

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

MICHELLE SWEENEY, individually and on behalf of
all others similarly situated

Plaintiff(s)

v.

COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION

Defendant(s)

Civil Action No. 17-cv-3353

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: *(Defendant's name and address)*

Costco Wholesale Corporation
999 Lake Drive
Issaquah, WA 98027

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

Kevin Landau
TAUS, CEBULASH & LANDAU, LLP
80 Maiden Lane, Suite 1204
New York, NY 10038

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

DOUGLAS C. PALMER
CLERK OF COURT

Date: _____

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action No. 17-cv-3353

PROOF OF SERVICE*(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))*

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
 was received by me on *(date)* _____.

☐ I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* _____
 _____ on *(date)* _____; or

☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
 _____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
 on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

☐ I served the summons on *(name of individual)* _____, who is
 designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
 _____ on *(date)* _____; or

☐ I returned the summons unexecuted because _____; or

☐ Other *(specify)*:

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ 0.00.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc: