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16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
17				
18	RICHARD SOTELO, on behalf of himself and all others similarly	COM	ENDED CLASS ACTION IPLAINT FOR DAMAGES &	
19	situated,	INJU	INCTIVE RELIEF	
20	Plaintiff,	1.	Violation of the California	
21	V. }		Unfair Competition Law (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code	
22	RAWLINGS SPORTING GOODS	2.	§ 17200, et seq.) Violation of the California	
23	COMPANY, INC.,		False Advertising Law (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code	
24	Defendant.)	3.	§ 17500, et seq.) Violation of the	
25	}		Consumers Legal Remedies Act (Cal. Civ.	
26	}	4.	Code § 1750, et seq.) Breach of Express Warranty	
27	}	4. 5. 6.	Breach of Implied Warranty Unjust Enrichment	
28				

**INTRODUCTION** 

1. Plaintiff Richard Sotelo brings this consumer class action on behalf of himself and all other similarly-situated consumers against Rawlings Sporting Goods Company, Inc. ("Rawlings" or "Defendant") for mispresenting the weights of its baseball bats either directly (on the bat itself or on its own website, <a href="https://www.rawlings.com">www.rawlings.com</a>) or via information it provides to third-party online retailers who sell such Rawlings bats directly to consumers.

- 2. Rawlings manufactures, distributes and sells, among other things, youth baseball bats that it advertises and labels as being a specific weight in ounces. When authorized third-party online retailers sell Rawlings bats, they advertise and sell them using the information provided directly from Rawlings regarding the weight, which is stated by Rawlings right on the bat itself. Purchasers of these Rawlings bats, including Plaintiff herein, rely on those representations as the weight is crucial to the decision as to which bat to buy. This class action arises out of the uniform misrepresentation by Rawlings, on the bats, on its own website, and through third-party online retailers to which Rawlings provided the bat specifications, regarding the weight of its baseball bats. If, unbeknownst to the purchaser, a bat is not the weight at which it is represented, it can negatively affect performance. It can even cause injury to the user and other players.
- 3. On November 27, 2017, through the online retailer www.baseballsavings.com, Plaintiff purchased for his son a 2018 Rawlings Youth 5150 USA baseball bat ("5150 bat"), which was advertised on that website as being 27 inches long and weighing 16 ounces (which means it is a -11 "weight drop," discussed more fully below). Rawlings provided the information, including the weight (which is marked on the bat) to this online retailer, which states on its website that it is an authorized dealer of Rawlings. However, the 5150 bat purchased by Plaintiff actually weighs approximately 18.6 ounces, a 2.6 ounce

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weight difference which was material to Plaintiff in choosing to purchase the 5150 bat. In fact, as Rawlings knows and expressly states and advertises on its own website, any weight difference for the Rawlings bats is material for all purchasers of its bats.

- 4. Plaintiff relied on the representation by Rawlings through www.baseballsavings.com that the 5150 bat weighed 16 ounces. Had Plaintiff known the truth about the weight of the 5150 bat, i.e., that it was not as represented, he would not have purchased the bat, or would have paid less for it.
- Plaintiff seeks redress for himself and all others similarly situated who 5. purchased Rawlings bats that were falsely labeled and advertised with an incorrect weight. Plaintiff seeks equitable relief, including injunctive and declaratory relief, as well as all applicable equitable and actual damages under the law, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 6. the Class Action Fairness Act, 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d) et seq., because this is a class action in which the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$5,000,000 exclusive of interest and costs; there are greater than 100 putative class members; at least one putative class member (and Plaintiff himself) is a citizen of a state other than Defendant's state of citizenship; and none of the exceptions under subsection 1332(d) applies to this case.
- This Court may assert general personal jurisdiction over Defendant 7. because its contacts with this District are sufficient in that it does substantial business in this District.
- 8. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)-(c) because Rawlings does substantial business in this District and is deemed to reside in any judicial district in which it is subject to personal jurisdiction at the time the action is

commenced.

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#### **PARTIES**

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Plaintiff Richard Sotelo is a citizen of California and a resident of Canyon Country, California, which lies within this District.

Defendant Rawlings is a manufacturer, marketer and seller of sporting 10. goods. Rawlings is headquartered in Town and Country, Missouri. It has been in business since 1887. In or about July 2018, Rawlings was acquired from Newell Brands by Los Angeles-based private equity firm Seidler Equity Partners and Major League Baseball.<sup>2</sup> Rawlings' products include the baseball bats at issue in this matter, which are sold online through its own website, www.rawlings.com, through other online retailers like www.baseballsavings.com and Amazon, and in retail stores located in California and throughout the country.

During the relevant time, Rawlings controlled the manufacture, design, 11. testing, packaging, labeling, assembly, marketing, advertising, promotion, distribution, and sales of Rawlings bats, including the quality control process for the weights of the bats. Rawlings thus had complete control over how to label its bats as to their proper and accurate weight.

#### THE RAWLINGS BATS

Each Rawlings bat, including the 5150 bat, is labeled and advertised as 12. being a specific length and weight. As discussed above, these specifications are provided by Rawlings either directly to consumers (i.e., stated on the bat and on Rawlings' own website), or to third-party online retailers who sell Rawlings bats and state on their websites the specifications, including the weight, of the bat.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.rawlings.com/about/about-company.html (last visited January 28, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.stltoday.com/business/local/st-louis-county-based-rawlings-sold-to-groupthat-includes/article 9695321a-a1e5-57ce-aeb9-72abe9fa19fa.html#tncms-source=infinity-scrollsummary-siderail-latest (last visited October 18, 2018); http://www.roinj.com/2018/07/02/industry/newell-wraps-up-sales-of-waddington-rawlings-units/ (last visited October 18, 2018).

13. As the manufacturer of the bats, Rawlings labels them and provides the specifications to third-party online retailers who post these specifications (including the weight of the bats) on their websites when selling the Rawlings bats.<sup>3</sup> Rawlings authorizes certain online and retail stores to be authorized dealers of its bats. The website <a href="https://www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a> states it is an authorized dealer of Rawlings' products. The Rawlings website contains an authorized dealer locator.<sup>4</sup> Rawlings further states on its website that its warranty covers products purchased from authorized Rawlings dealers and that "if you need clarification on whether a particular retailer is an authorized Rawlings dealer, please contact customer service at 1-800-729-5464." On <a href="https://www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a>, it states, "If you've purchased a **bat** (that's under warranty) and are not completely satisfied with its performance, please return it **directly to the manufacturer.**"

<sup>18 |</sup> \_\_\_\_ 19 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See, e.g., <a href="https://www.baseballsavings.com/baseball-bats/usa-baseball-bats/rawlings-5150-usa-%28-11%29-baseball-bat-p132981--1">https://www.baseballsavings.com/baseball-bats/usa-baseball-bats/rawlings-5150-usa-%28-11%29-baseball-bat-p132981--1</a> (last visited January 28, 2019)(specifying the weight of the 2019 Rawlings 5150 USA Baseball Bat as 16 oz.);

https://www.amazon.com/Rawlings-2018-5150-USA-

Baseball/dp/B079Y77HV8/ref=pd\_sbs\_200\_1/135-4359114-

<sup>9700211?</sup>\_encoding=UTF8&pd\_rd\_i=B079Y77HV8&pd\_rd\_r=a483aee1-2350-11e9-8739-

<sup>9941</sup>e184f583&pd\_rd\_w=ntisC&pd\_rd\_wg=NQe1A&pf\_rd\_p=588939de-d3f8-42f1-a3d8-d556eae5797d&pf\_rd\_r=1KZ6Y29X81ATHE56X4FR&refRID=1KZ6Y29X81ATHE56X4FR

<sup>(</sup>last visited January 28, 2019)(specifying the weight of the 2018 Rawlings 5150 USA Baseball Bat as 16 oz.).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> http://knowledge.rawlingsgear.com/article/15628/26064/ (referring consumers to http://rawlings.com/dealer-locator/ (last visited January 28, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.rawlings.com/help/help-warranty.html (last visited January 28, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> <a href="https://www.baseballsavings.com/faq">https://www.baseballsavings.com/faq</a> (emphasis in original)(last visited January 28, 2019).

- 14. On Rawlings' website under Frequently Asked Questions it states, "What size bat should I get?" and the Answer includes, "Determine Your Bat Weight. Bats are weighted in ounces, and Rawlings does a great job in balancing the bat's weight to its length." Thus, Rawlings controls and determines the weights of its bats and how they are labeled. The Rawlings website further states, "Selecting the proper weight depends on two critical factors your **strength** and your **hitting style**". Thus, Rawlings acknowledges on its own website that "[s]electing the proper weight" of a bat is a material consideration to the purchase decision.
- 15. The Rawlings website also states, under the heading "Sizing": "Choosing the right-sized bat is important to a player's performance and development. Players with less experience should start with lighter bats for better swing control. More experienced players should use a heavier bat to help maximize power. A bat that is too heavy will dramatically reduce swing speed; if a bat is too light, the player could miss out on the extra force that a heavier bat can generate."
- 16. The Rawlings website further states, under the heading "Weight": "Bat weight is measured in ounces (oz.)" and explains, under the heading "Weight Drop": "Weight drop = bat length (in.) bat weight (oz.)". It continues: "For example, a 32-inch, 22-ounce bat would have a drop weight of -10. Typically, the higher the competition or league level, the lesser the weight drop. A lesser weight drop means the bat feels heavier, so a -5 bat will feel heavier than a -10 bat."
- 17. As the Rawlings website makes clear, the weight of a bat is critical to bat purchasers making a bat purchase. The fact that the Rawlings bats come in various sizes that are only one inch and only one ounce apart demonstrates that even a single ounce difference is material to a purchase decision. For example, on

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> <u>http://knowledge.rawlingsgear.com/article/15628/38990/Bat-Size</u> (emphasis in original)(last visited January 28, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> https://www.rawlings.com/bats/bat-guide/ (last visited January 28, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> *Id*.

- 18. Similarly, as noted above, the Rawlings website recognizes that the weight drop is also a critical factor in choosing a bat. Because the weight drop is a function of the length less the weight, if the weight is inaccurate for the bat so, too, will be the weight drop. Because Rawlings misrepresents the weights of its bats and provides that incorrect information to sellers of its bats, the weight drops are also misrepresented both directly by Rawlings and through third-party online retailers, including www.baseballsavings.com.
- 19. Consumers, like Plaintiff Sotelo, rely on Rawlings' representations, either directly or through third-party online retailers, about the weight of Rawlings' baseball bats. In fact, in choosing which bat to purchase, the weight is a key consideration.
- 20. Consumers use the bats recreationally, in amateur sports competitions, and in other scenarios in which the advertised weight is of material importance to the consumer. Knowing that the weight is material to the purchase decision, Rawlings places the weight on the label of its bats, as shown below. Moreover, it is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> https://www.rawlings.com/product/US8511.html (last visited October 18, 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> https://www.rawlings.com/product/US8510.html (last visited October 18, 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> https://www.baseballsavings.com/bats-buying-guide (last visited January 28, 2019).

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for this reason that third-party online retailers uniformly state the weight of the bat on their websites, which they obtain from Rawlings (including by virtue of the fact that the weight is stated on the bat by Rawlings).

- 21. The weight of the bat affects everything the player does, including bat speed, bat control, type and angle of swing, exit velocity, batting stance, and approach to pitches.
- 22. The weight of the bat is especially important because of the risk of injury of using a bat that is too heavy for the player. The player may get tired faster or strain muscles and ligaments. The bat could also be a danger to other players and bystanders.
- 23. In some youth leagues, the weight of the bat is specified, making its accuracy an important factor in the purchase decision.
- Thus, even variation of one ounce can make a significant difference in 24. performance, as recognized by Rawlings' and third-party online websites, *supra*, including www.baseballsavings.com, and consumers like Plaintiff Sotelo and the class shop for bats based in large part on their weight.
- 25. Whether consumers purchased a Rawlings bat in a store, where they saw the label stating the weight, on Rawlings' website (where the weight is stated by Rawlings and the bat sold in part on the basis of that information,) or on a thirdparty online website (where the specifications including weight are provided by Rawlings and the bat sold in part on the basis of that information), all purchasers/class members were exposed to the same misrepresentation for any model of Rawlings baseball bat during the applicable limitations period that was misrepresented or falsely labeled as being a different weight than it actually is.

#### **Plaintiff Sotelo's Facts**

26. On November 27, 2017, Sotelo purchased a new 2018 5150 bat for a price of \$72.76, plus tax, for a total of \$78.04 on the third-party online retailer

website www.baseballsavings.com for his then 8-year old son, who plays youth baseball near their home in California.

- 27. Sotelo purchased the 5150 bat for personal, family, or household use.
- 28. The <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a> website specifically stated that the weight of the bat was 16 ounces. It further stated that the weight drop was -11. Rawlings provided the information as to the weight of the bat to this online retailer (including by marking it on the handle as shown below), which states on its website that it is an authorized dealer of Rawlings.
- 29. The 5150 bat's label represents that it weighs 16 ounces. A picture of the label on Sotelo's 5150 bat is below:



30. In making his purchase decision, Sotelo relied on the representation contained on the website <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a>, which was provided to that online retailer by Rawlings (including by being stated on the bat by Rawlings), that the 5150 bat's weight was 16 ounces (with a corresponding weight drop of -11).

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- 31. Sotelo purchased the 5150 bat for his son because he thought the relatively light weight would give his son better swing control, among other things. However, his son did not have better control with the 5150 bat.
- 32. In fact, Sotelo weighed the bat and it does not weigh 16 ounces as represented on <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a> but rather weighs approximately 18.6 ounces, approximately 2.6 ounces more than represented by Rawlings and advertised by <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a> (through the specifications provided to it by Rawlings). A picture of Sotelo's 5150 bat on the scale is below, which evidences the 5150 bat's actual weight of 18.6 ounces.



- 33. This means that the 5150 bat is closer to a -8 drop than a -11 drop, which feels significantly heavier and is more difficult to swing.
- 34. Because the 5150 bat is significantly heavier than as labeled, Plaintiff's son cannot use, and is not using, the bat for training or play.
  - 35. Had Plaintiff known the truth about the weight of the 5150 bat, that it

"3 oz over stated weight"

By Desiree Childers on March 26, 2018 (Style Name -10/17 oz)

"I searched for a 27in -10 for my 7 year old. I ordered this Rawlings 5150 as soon as I found a 27in in stock. When it arrived, it felt really heavy for its size, so we weighed it. It actually weighs 20 ounces. A full 3 ounces over its stated weight. I can understand if it was slightly different from its stated weight, but 3 ounces?!? It should have been marketed as a -8, and I would have kept on looking for a light bat." <sup>16</sup>

- "nice bat, unfortunately there will be a lot of ..."

  By William on March 25, 2018 (Style Name -11/16 oz)

  "Over 2oz heavier than listed!! According to Rawlings, most USA bats are heavy. I weighed the 5150 -10 & -11; both were over 2oz heavier than weight stamped on the bat. Otherwise, nice bat, unfortunately there will be a lot of crappy 'at bats' because of this deception."

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- 37. Even on Rawlings' own website, consumers have expressed concern that the Rawlings 2018 5150 bat feels heavier than it should. An anonymous consumer posted eight months ago, under the title, "Bat has good pop but feels a lot heavier," as follows: "Bat is advertised at 16 oz not happy with the actual weight". The consumer included a picture of the bat on a scale showing that the bat weighed in at 18.47 ounces, "2.47 oz heavier". The Rawlings consumer thus indicated, "No,

<sup>15</sup> https://www.amazon.com/Rawlings-Alloy-Barrel-Baseball-16/product-reviews/B074C442VY/ref=cm\_cr\_getr\_d\_paging\_btm\_6?ie=UTF8&reviewerType=all\_reviews&sortBy=recent&pageNumber=6#R2G5ALHYRG3O49 (last visited October 18, 2018).

<sup>16</sup> https://www.amazon.com/Rawlings-Alloy-Barrel-Baseball-16/product-reviews/B074C442VY/ref=cm\_cr\_getr\_d\_paging\_btm\_6?ie=UTF8&reviewerType=all\_reviews&sortBy=recent&pageNumber=6#R2G5ALHYRG3O49 (last visited October 18, 2018).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> *Id*.

I do not recommend this product."18

38. Just like these other consumers who also appear to have weighed their Rawlings bats and learned that they are not the weight represented by Rawlings, including through its provision of the weight information to third-party online retailers, Plaintiff's 5150 bat also is not the weight represented as advertised by <a href="https://www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a> through the specifications provided to it by Rawlings.

#### **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

- 39. Pursuant to Rules 23(a), (b)(2) and (b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff brings this action individually and on behalf of a class of consumers who purchased in the United States, either in a retail store, on Rawlings' website, or through a third-party website that is an authorized dealer of Rawlings' products, any model of Rawlings baseball bat during the applicable limitations period that was misrepresented or falsely labeled as being a different weight than it actually is (the "Class").
- 40. Plaintiff also brings this action individually and on behalf of a subclass of consumers who purchased in California, either in a retail store, on Rawlings' website, or through a third-party website that is an authorized dealer of Rawlings' products, any model of Rawlings baseball bat during the applicable limitations period that was misrepresented or falsely labeled as being a different weight than it actually is (the "California Subclass"). The Class and California Subclass are sometimes collectively referred to hereinafter as the "Class."
- 41. Excluded from the Class are Defendant, its affiliates, predecessors, successors, officers, directors, agents, servants and employees and the immediate families of such persons.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> https://www.rawlings.com/product/US8511.html (last visited October 18, 2018).

#### **Numerosity**

42. The members of the Class are too numerous for joinder to be practicable. There are at least thousands of purchasers of Rawlings bats, as well as the 5150 bats, in the United States and State of California.

#### **Commonality**

- 43. There is a well-defined community of interest in the relevant questions of law and fact among members of the Class. Common questions of law and fact predominate over any questions affecting individual Class members, including, but not limited to:
  - a. Whether Rawlings misrepresented, falsely advertised and/or falsely warranted the actual weight of its bats?
  - b. Whether consumers would find the difference between the weight as represented and the actual weight material?
  - c. Whether the conduct of Rawlings violated the California Consumers Legal Remedies Act as to the California Subclass?
  - d. Whether the conduct of Rawlings violated the California Unfair Competition Law under Section 17200 as to the California Subclass?
  - e. Whether the conduct of Rawlings violated the California False Advertising Law under Section 17500 as to the California Subclass?
  - f. Whether Rawlings has been unjustly enriched?
  - g. Whether Rawlings breached its express warranty to consumers?
  - h. Whether Rawlings breached its implied warranty to consumers?
  - i. Whether Rawlings should be enjoined from selling its bats with its current representation/label about their weight?
  - j. For each claim, what is the proper measure of damages?

#### **Typicality**

- 44. Plaintiff has the same interests in this matter as all other members of the Class since he relied upon and was deceived by the same misrepresentation.
- 45. If members of the Class brought individual cases, they would require proof of the same material and substantive facts and would seek the same relief.
- 46. The claims of Plaintiff and the Class members share a common nucleus of operative facts and originate from the same conduct by Rawlings.

#### **Adequacy Of Representation**

- 47. Plaintiff will diligently represent the interests of the Class. The interests of Plaintiff are sufficiently aligned with the interests of the other Class members such that he will have no conflicts with the interests of the Class and will be an adequate representative.
- 48. Counsel for Plaintiff is experienced in consumer class action litigation and will prosecute the action with skill and diligence.

#### **Superiority**

- 49. The prosecution of separate actions by individual Class members would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the parties opposing the Class. Such incompatible standards of conduct and varying adjudications on the same essential facts, proof and legal theories would also create and allow the existence of inconsistent and incompatible rights within the Class.
- 50. Moreover, a class action is superior to other methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversies raised in this Complaint because:
- a. Individual claims by the Class members would be impracticable as the costs of pursuit would far exceed what any one Class member has at stake;
- b. Plaintiff is unaware of any other individual litigation that has been commenced over the controversies alleged in this Complaint and individual Class

members are unlikely to have an interest in separately prosecuting and controlling individual actions;

- c. The concentration of litigation of these claims in one forum will achieve efficiency and promote judicial economy; and
  - d. The proposed class action is manageable.
- 51. Defendant has acted and failed to act in a uniform manner on grounds generally applicable to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class in misrepresenting the weight of its baseball bats so that final declaratory and injunctive relief as requested herein are appropriate with respect to the Class as a whole.
- 52. Therefore, class treatment of Plaintiff's claims is appropriate and necessary.

#### **COUNT I**

## VIOLATION OF CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE § 17200, et seq. (ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF AND THE CALIFORNIA SUBCLASS)

- 53. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1-52 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 54. Plaintiff Sotelo has standing to pursue this claim under California's Unfair Competition Law ("UCL") because he suffered an injury-in-fact and lost money as a result of Defendant's practices. Specifically, had Plaintiff known the truth about the weight of the 5150 bat, that it was not as represented on <a href="https://www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a> through information provided by Rawlings, he would not have purchased the bat, or would have paid less for it.
- 55. In making his purchase decision, Sotelo relied on the representation contained on the website <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a>, which was provided to that online retailer by Rawlings (including by virtue of being stated on the bat by Rawlings), that the 5150 bat's weight was 16 ounces (with a corresponding weight

drop of -11). However, the bat does not weigh 16 ounces.

- Rawlings' act of misrepresenting the weight of its bats, including the 5150 bat, either on the label of the bat, on its website, or by providing specifications to third-party online retailers, as a materially different weight than what they actually are constitutes a course of unfair conduct within the meaning of Cal. Civ. Code § 17200, *et seq*.
- 57. The conduct of Defendant harms the interests of consumers and market competition. There is no valid justification for Defendant's conduct. The consumer injury is substantial because, for the reasons discussed hereinabove, the weight of the bat is so critical to the purchase decision. Consumers could not reasonably have avoided the injury as they have no reasonable way to weigh the bat themselves prior to purchase.
- 58. Defendant engaged in unlawful business acts and practices by violating the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Cal. Civ. Code § 1750, *et seq.* and § 17500, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code, as alleged in Counts II and III below.
- 59. Defendant engaged in fraudulent business acts or practices and deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising under § 17200 by knowingly misrepresenting Rawlings bats as weighing a materially different amount than they actually weigh, as described above, either directly to consumers or by providing the specifications to third-party on-line retailers who then provide them to consumers on their websites (as in Plaintiff's situation). Such practices are devoid of utility and outweighed by the gravity of harm to Sotelo and the California Subclass who lost money by paying for the Rawlings bats believing they were the represented weight when they in fact were not.
- 60. Plaintiff, the California Subclass and members of the public were likely to be deceived by a false weight in purchasing the bat, inasmuch as the weight of the bat is a significant factor in such a purchase.

- 61. Defendant knew or should have known that the weight of the bats that it stated on the label, provided on its website, and provided to third-party online retailers to post on their websites, was false and misleading in that as the manufacturer and distributor of the bats, it determines the weight of each bat and how to label it. As the manufacturer and distributor of the bats at issue, Defendant was in control of the label placed on the bats and the quality control processes to ensure the weights were accurately labeled.
- 62. Each of Defendant's unfair, unlawful, and fraudulent/deceptive/misleading practices enumerated above was the direct and proximate cause of financial injury to Sotelo and the California Subclass.

  Defendant has unjustly benefitted as a result of its wrongful conduct. Sotelo and California Subclass members are accordingly entitled to have Defendant disgorge and restore to Sotelo and California Subclass members all monies wrongfully obtained by Defendant as a result of the conduct as alleged herein.
- 63. Plaintiff Sotelo is also seeking injunctive relief on behalf of himself and the California Subclass. Sotelo's son continues to play baseball and Sotelo will continue to regularly visit stores or websites to buy bats for his son as he grows. There is a threat of future harm because as Sotelo's son continues to grow, Plaintiff must purchase new bats for him so that his son can play with a bat that is the appropriate weight for his size. Plaintiff would buy a Rawlings 5150 bat (and other Rawlings bats) this year and in future years if Rawlings would correctly identify the weight on the bat, and also inform third-party online retailers of the correct weight, so that Plaintiff's son does not have the problem of trying to use a bat that is too heavy or the wrong weight for him. Plaintiff is currently unable to rely on the accuracy of the labeling and advertising of the weights. He will purchase Rawlings bats in the future if they are correctly labeled but without injunctive relief to ensure the accuracy of the labeling and advertising there is still a risk of future harm.

#### **COUNT II**

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## VIOLATION OF CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE § 17500, et seq. (ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF AND THE CALIFORNIA SUBCLASS)

4 | 5 | 64. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1-52 above as if fully set forth herein.

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65. California Bus. and Prof. Code § 17500 prohibits untrue or misleading advertising.

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66. Plaintiff Sotelo has standing to pursue this claim under § 17500 because he suffered an injury-in-fact and lost money as a result of Defendant's practices. Specifically, had Plaintiff known the truth about the weight of the 5150 bat, that it was not as represented on <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a> through information provided by Rawlings, he would not have purchased the bat, or would have paid less for it.

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67. In making his purchase decision, Sotelo relied on the representation contained on the website <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a>, which was provided to that online retailer by Rawlings (including by being stated on the bat by Rawlings), that the 5150 bat's weight was 16 ounces (with a corresponding weight drop of -11). However, the bat does not weigh 16 ounces.

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68. Advertising and labeling the Rawlings bats as being of a certain weight when they are actually of a materially different weight constitutes a deceptive,

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untrue, and misleading advertising practice by Defendant under § 17500.

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either directly to consumers or by providing the specifications to third-party on-line

Defendant engaged in fraudulent business practices by misrepresenting,

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retailers who then provide them to consumers on their websites (as in Plaintiff's situation), the weight of its bats which was known to it, or which by the exercise of

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reasonable care should have been known to it. As the manufacturer and distributor

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- 70. Such practices are devoid of utility and outweighed by the gravity of harm to Sotelo and the California Subclass who lost money by paying for the Rawlings bats that were mislabeled as to their actual weight.
- 71. Plaintiff and the California Subclass and members of the public were likely to be deceived by a false weight in purchasing the bat, inasmuch as the weight of the bat is a significant factor in such a purchase.
- 72. Each of Defendant's practices of untrue or misleading advertising enumerated above was the direct and proximate cause of financial injury to Sotelo and the California Subclass. Defendant has unjustly benefitted as a result of its wrongful conduct. Sotelo and California Subclass members are accordingly entitled to have Defendant disgorge and restore to Sotelo and California Subclass members all monies wrongfully obtained by Defendant as a result of the conduct as alleged herein.
- 73. Plaintiff Sotelo is also seeking injunctive relief on behalf of himself and the California Subclass. Sotelo's son continues to play baseball and Sotelo will continue to regularly visit stores or websites to buy bats for his son as he grows. There is a threat of future harm because as Sotelo's son continues to grow, Plaintiff must purchase new bats for him so that his son can play with a bat that is the appropriate weight for his size. Plaintiff would buy a Rawlings 5150 bat (and other Rawlings bats) this year and in future years if Rawlings would correctly identify the weight on the bat, and also inform third-party online retailers of the correct weight, so that Plaintiff's son does not have the problem of trying to use a bat that is too heavy or the wrong weight for him. Plaintiff is currently unable to rely on the accuracy of the labeling and advertising of the weights. He will purchase Rawlings

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bats in the future if they are correctly labeled but without injunctive relief to ensure

the accuracy of the labeling and advertising there is still a risk of future harm. 2 **COUNT III** 3 **VIOLATION OF CAL. CIV. CODE § 1750, et seq.** 4 (ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF AND THE CALIFORNIA SUBCLASS) 5 Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in 74. 6 paragraphs 1-52 above as if fully set forth herein. 7 75. The Consumers Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA") was enacted to protect 8 consumers against unfair and deceptive business practices. The CLRA applies to 9 Defendant's acts and practices because the Act covers transactions involving the 10 sale of goods to consumers. 11 Plaintiff Sotelo and members of the California Subclass are 76. 12 "consumers" within the meaning of § 1761(d) of the California Civil Code, and they 13 engaged in "transactions" within the meaning of §§ 1761(e) and 1770 of the 14 California Civil Code, including the purchases of the Rawlings bats. 15 Defendant is a "person" under Cal. Civ. Code § 1761(c). 77. 16 78. The Rawlings bats are "goods" under Cal. Civ. Code §1761(a). 17 79. Defendant's unfair and deceptive business practices were intended to 18 and did result in the sale of the Rawlings bats. 19 Defendant violated the CLRA by engaging in the following unfair and 80. 20 deceptive practices: 21 representing, either directly to consumers or by providing the a) 22 specifications to third-party on-line retailers who then post the specifications 23 on their websites, that Rawlings bats have characteristics, uses, or benefits 24 that they do not have, in violation of §1770(a)(5); 25 representing, either directly to consumers or by providing the 26 b) specifications to third-party on-line retailers who then post the specifications 27

grade when they are not, in violation of § 1770(a)(7); and
c) advertising, either directly to consumers or by providing the specifications to third-party on-line retailers who then post the specifications

on their websites, that Rawlings bats are of a particular standard, quality, or

- on their websites, Rawlings bats with the intent not to sell them as advertised, in violation of § 1770(a)(9).
- 81. In making his purchase decision, Sotelo relied on the representation contained on the website <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a>, which was provided to that online retailer by Rawlings (including by being stated on the bat by Rawlings), that the 5150 bat's weight was 16 ounces (with a corresponding weight drop of -11). However, the bat does not weigh 16 ounces.
- 82. If Sotelo and the California Subclass members had known that the Rawlings bats were not of the weight they were represented to be, they would not have purchased them at all or would not have purchased them at the prices they did.
- 83. Plaintiff and the California Subclass and members of the public were likely to be deceived by a false weight in purchasing the bat, inasmuch as the weight of the bat is a significant factor in such a purchase.
- 84. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's conduct, Sotelo and the California Subclass suffered injury and damages in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 85. Pursuant to California Civil Code § 1782(a), on July 10, 2018, counsel for Sotelo sent Defendant a notice letter (attached hereto as Exh. A) via certified mail, return receipt requested, advising Defendant that it had violated the CLRA and must correct, repair, replace, or otherwise rectify the goods alleged to be in violation of § 1770 for himself and other similarly situated purchasers of Rawlings bats.

- 87. Plaintiff seeks monetary relief under the CLRA.
- 88. Plaintiff Sotelo is also seeking injunctive relief on behalf of himself and the California Subclass. Sotelo's son continues to play baseball and Sotelo will continue to regularly visit stores or websites to buy bats for his son as he grows. There is a threat of future harm because as Sotelo's son continues to grow, Plaintiff must purchase new bats for him so that his son can play with a bat that is the appropriate weight for his size. Plaintiff would buy a Rawlings 5150 bat (and other Rawlings bats) this year and in future years if Rawlings would correctly identify the weight on the bat, and also inform third-party online retailers of the correct weight, so that Plaintiff's son does not have the problem of trying to use a bat that is too heavy or the wrong weight for him. Plaintiff is currently unable to rely on the accuracy of the labeling and advertising of the weights. He will purchase Rawlings bats in the future if they are correctly labeled but without injunctive relief to ensure the accuracy of the labeling and advertising there is still a risk of future harm.
- 89. Sotelo therefore seeks injunctive and declaratory relief, damages, restitution, costs, attorneys' fees, and any other relief available under the CLRA.
- 90. Pursuant to section 1780(d) of the CLRA, Plaintiff filed, with his original complaint, an affidavit showing that this action was commenced in the proper forum.

### <u>COUNT IV</u>

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## BREACH OF EXPRESS WARRANTY (ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF AND THE CLASS OR, IN THE

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ALTERNATIVE, THE CALIFORNIA SUBCLASS)

Plaintiff asserts this claim under California law or, in the alternative,

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91. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1-52 above as if fully set forth herein.

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Missouri law, on behalf of himself and the California Subclass. Plaintiff asserts this claim under the law of the state of purchase of the Rawlings bat(s) or, in the alternative, Missouri law, on behalf of himself and the Class.

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93. Rawlings was at all relevant times a merchant and a seller. The third-party online retailer <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a>, through which Plaintiff purchased the 5150 bat, is also a merchant and a seller as are all such third-party online retailers. When third-party online retailers sell Rawlings bats, they advertise and sell them using the information provided directly from Rawlings regarding the

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weight, which is stated by Rawlings right on the bat itself.

94. Plaintiff relied on the representation by Rawlings through

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www.baseballsavings.com that the 5150 bat weighed 16 ounces. Had Plaintiff

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known the truth about the weight of the 5150 bat, i.e., that it was not as represented

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by www.baseballsavings.com through Rawlings, he would not have purchased the

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bat, or would have paid less for it.

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95. The Rawlings bats are goods and Plaintiff and the Class and California Subclass members purchased the Rawlings bats in a consumer transaction

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Subclass members purchased the Rawlings bats in a consumer transaction.

96. Rawlings expressly warranted to all purchasers the weight of the bats,

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either directly, by placing the weight on the bats or on its own website, or by

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providing the weight of the bats to third-party online retailers who then posted that weight on their websites. This was a representation by Rawlings that the bats would

- 97. Because Rawlings stated the weight of the bat directly on the bat or on its own website, or provided information about the weight of the bat to third-party online retailers who provided it on their websites, Rawlings communicated directly to purchasers, including Plaintiff and the members of the Class and California Subclass, prior to their purchases.
- 98. Rawlings breached its express warranty to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class and California Subclass because its bats are of a materially different weight than represented by Rawlings, either directly to Plaintiff and the Class and California Subclass or through third-party online retailers. As such, they do not perform as indicated such as they would if the weights were accurate.
- 99. Plaintiff's 5150 bat weighs approximately 18.6 ounces, materially more than the 16 ounces as represented by Rawlings directly on the bat and as stated on <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a>, which information was provided by Rawlings to that third-party online retailer. The Class and California Subclass also purchased Rawlings bats that were not the weight they were represented to be.
- 100. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's conduct, Sotelo and the Class and California Subclass suffered injury and damages in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 101. On July 10, 2018, counsel for Plaintiff Sotelo sent Defendant a notice letter via certified mail, return receipt requested, advising Defendant that it had breached its warranty under California law and requested appropriate class wide relief.
  - Defendant, through counsel, responded on August 9, 2018, but did not

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California Subclass because the Rawlings bats were not the weight stated on the bat,

Rawlings breached its implied warranties to Plaintiff and the Class and

on Rawlings' website, or on third-party online retailers' websites based on the weight information provided to such retailers by Rawlings and, as such, were not fit for their ordinary purpose, did not have adequate labeling, and did not conform to the promises or affirmations made. As alleged above, the weight of the bat is of material significance to purchasers of Rawlings bats and even a one-ounce difference is important to such purchasers.

- California Subclass because Defendant knew the purposes for which Plaintiff and the Class and California Subclass were purchasing the Rawlings bats and Defendant manufactured the Rawlings bats for those purposes. Defendant knew that Plaintiff and the Class and California Subclass were making such purchases based upon, among other things, the weight of the bat. In fact, Defendant manufactures Rawlings' bats in one-ounce increments because it knows that every ounce matters in the weight of the bat. Rawlings sells directly to consumers, or authorizes dealers online and in retail stores to sell, its bats in such weight increments and knows that consumers rely on its expertise to properly, accurately and truthfully present the weight of its bats, either directly to consumers or to third-party online retailers who then provide that information to consumers, including Plaintiff and the Class and California Subclass.
- 111. Because Rawlings stated the weight of the bat directly on the bat or on its own website, or provided information about the weight of the bat to third-party online retailers who provided it on their websites, Rawlings communicated directly to purchasers, including Plaintiff and the members of the Class and California Subclass, prior to their purchases. Defendant knew that consumers, including Plaintiff, the Class and the California Subclass, were the ultimate consumers and the targets of the third-party online retailers, who were authorized to sell its bats, and intended consumers to rely on the representations as to the weight of the bats and

they were thus the intended beneficiaries of the implied warranties.

- 112. Plaintiff relied on the representation on <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a>, which was based on weight information provided by Rawlings, that the 5150 bat weighed 16 ounces. Had Plaintiff known the truth about the weight of the 5150 bat, i.e., that it was not as represented by <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a> through Rawlings, he would not have purchased the bat, or would have paid less for it.
- 113. Plaintiff and the Class and California Subclass did not receive bats as represented to them either directly by Rawlings or through third-party retailers based on weight information provided by Rawlings because the weights were not accurate and thus were not fit for their ordinary purpose, i.e., the particular purpose for which they were sold. Plaintiff purchased a 5150 bat that was not as warranted because it weighs materially more than 16 ounces as represented on <a href="https://www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a> which information was provided by Rawlings.
- 114. Thus, Defendant breached its implied warranties to Plaintiff and the Class and California Subclass. As a direct and proximate result of such breach of implied warranties by Defendant, Plaintiff Sotelo and the members of the Class and California Subclass suffered actual monetary damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

#### **COUNT VI**

#### **UNJUST ENRICHMENT**

# (IN THE ALTERNATIVE AND ON BEHALF OF PLAINTIFF AND THE CLASS OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, THE CALIFORNIA SUBCLASS)

- Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1-52 above as if fully set forth herein.
- 116. Plaintiff asserts this claim under California law or, in the alternative, Missouri law, on behalf of himself and the California Subclass. Plaintiff asserts this claim under the law of the state of purchase of the Rawlings bat(s) or, in the

alternative, Missouri law, on behalf of himself and the Class.

- 117. This claim is asserted in the alternative should there be no adequate remedies at law.
- 118. In making his purchase decision, Sotelo relied on the representation contained on the website <a href="www.baseballsavings.com">www.baseballsavings.com</a>, which was provided to that online retailer by Rawlings (including by being stated on the bat by Rawlings), that the 5150 bat's weight was 16 ounces (with a corresponding weight drop of -11). However, the bat does not weigh 16 ounces.
- 119. Plaintiff and the Class and California Subclass members conferred a benefit on Defendant by purchasing Rawlings bats, either directly, through retailers or through third-party online retailers, that were not the weight represented on the bat and advertised. Defendant is aware that customers purchase bats based at least in part on the weight the bat is represented to be.
- 120. Defendant's retention of the monies paid for a bat that is not the weight it is represented and advertised to be by Defendant, either directly or through third-party online retailers via information provided by Defendant to such retailers, violates the principles of justice, equity and good conscience.
- 121. Plaintiff paid money, as set forth above, to purchase a 5150 bat that weighed 16 ounces when it in fact did not weigh 16 ounces but weighed approximately 18.6 ounces, which is materially more. Similarly, Class and California Subclass members paid money for bats that were not the weight that they were represented to be, either directly by Defendant or through third-party online retailers via information provided by Defendant to such retailers.
- 122. It would be inequitable and unjust for Defendant to retain the benefit of such monies obtained from Plaintiff and the Class and California Subclass because Defendant misrepresented the weight of the Rawlings bats, either directly or through third- party online retailers via information provided by Defendant to such retailers.

As a result, Sotelo and the members of the Class and California 123. 1 Subclass are entitled to restitution from Defendant in the amount by which 2 Defendant was unjustly enriched through sales of its Rawlings bats that were 3 misrepresented as to their weights. 4 5 PRAYER FOR RELIEF WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all others similarly 6 situated, prays for judgment as follows: 7 (a) Declaring this action to be a proper class action and certifying Plaintiff as the 8 representative of the Class and California Subclass; 9 (b) Appointing Plaintiff's attorneys as Class Counsel for the Class and California 10 Subclass; 11 (c) Awarding restitution and monetary damages as appropriate; 12 (d) Ordering injunctive and declaratory relief as appropriate; 13 (e) Awarding reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses incurred in this 14 action; and 15 (f) Granting such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper. 16 **JURY DEMAND** 17 Plaintiff requests a trial by jury of all claims so triable. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 30

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2	Dated: January 31, 2019	Respectfully submitted,
3		By: /s/ David R. Shoop
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5		Thomas S. Alch (136860)  david.shoop@shooplaw.com
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23		527 South Lake Avenue, Suite 200 Pasadena, CA 91101 Tel: (877) 360-3383
24		Fax: (866) 686-5590
25		Counsel for Plaintiff and the Class
26		
27		
28		31

# EXHIBIT A

#### McLaughlin & Stern, LLP

FOUNDED 1898

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July 10, 2018

## VIA CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Rawlings Sporting Goods Company, Inc. 510 Maryville University Drive, Suite 110 St. Louis, MO 63141

Attn: General Counsel

Re:

Notice of Violations of Consumers Legal Remedies Act, California Civil Code Sections 1750 through 1784 and Breach of Warranty

Dear Sir or Madam:

We represent Mr. Rich Sotello, a purchaser of a Rawlings Youth 5150 USA baseball bat as well as a putative class of purchasers of Rawlings baseball bats, marketed and sold by Rawlings Sporting Goods Company, Inc. ("Rawlings" or "the Company"). Our client is a citizen of California and he believes that the Company is engaging in, *inter alia*, unfair methods of competition and deceptive and misleading consumer practices in connection with the marketing and sale of the Company's products, specifically its baseball bats intended for consumers.

Rawlings sells baseball bats, including the kind purchased by Mr. Sotello, which are intended for purchase by consumers who use them recreationally, in amateur sports competitions, and in other scenarios in which the advertised weight is of material importance to the consumer. Weight is of particular importance in the sale of baseball bats because small variations (especially in the sale of children's bats) can greatly affect the consumer's performance. Additionally, bats which vary significantly from their advertised weight can be a safety hazard, both to the consumer and to other players and bystanders.

In Mr. Sotello's case, he purchased for his son a 27-inch bat with an advertised -11 drop, meaning that it was advertised to weigh 16 ounces (or 11 ounces fewer than the number of inches in length). Instead, Mr. Sotello's bat weighs 18.6 ounces.

#### McLaughlin & Stern, LLP

The Company's weight representations are routinely false. The Company is either aware of this misleading advertising or should have been aware of it as part of the quality control and marketing process. Accordingly, we submit that Rawlings has violated and continues to violate: (1) Cal. Civil Code §§ 1750, et seq. (the "CLRA"), which provides that "unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices undertaken by any person in a transaction intended to result or which results in the sale or lease of goods or services to any consumer are unlawful" (CLRA § 1770); (2) Cal. Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, et. seq. (the "UCL"), which prohibits any "unlawful," "unfair" or "fraudulent" business act or practice and any false or misleading advertising; and (3) Cal. Business and Professions Code §§ 1750, et seq., in that misrepresenting that its bats are of a specific, advertised weight when they are not violates California Civil Code section 1770(a) in particular by:

- Representing that [the] services have ... approval, characteristics, . . . uses [or] benefits which they do not have;
- Representing that [the] services ... are of a particular standard, quality or grade ... if they are of another; and
- Advertising services ... with intent not to sell them as advertised.

This letter also serves as notice of the Company's breach of warranty, pursuant to Cal. U. Comm. Code §2607(3).

This letter is being served on behalf of our client and all similarly situated consumers, pursuant to CLRA § 1782(a), who hereby demand that Rawlings: (1) engage in corrective advertising concerning the unfair and/or deceptive acts or practices alleged herein; (2) cease and desist from the unlawful conduct described herein; and (3) reimburse our client and all other similarly situated consumers for the amount that they paid for these services that were sold using unfair and/or deceptive acts or practices. Please comply with this demand within 30 days. We stand ready to discuss a reasonable resolution of this matter on terms acceptable to our client and similarly situated consumers.

If you have any questions, require any additional information or would like to discuss these matters, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Very truly yours,

Aller

Lee S. Shalov

LS/kmh