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5	Attorneys for Defendant		
6	OMNI HOTELS MANAGEMENT CORPORATION and erroneously named Defendant OMNI HOTELS		
7	AND RESORTS		
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
10			
11	NANTILLE CHARBONNET, on behalf of herself and all similarly	Case No. <b>20CV1777 CAB DEB</b>	
12	situated individuals,		
13	Plaintiff,	(San Diego County Superior Court Case No. 37-2020-00026981-CU-BT-CLT)	
14	V.	NOTICE OF REMOVAL TO	
15 16	OMNI HOTELS AND RESORTS, OMNI HOTELS MANAGEMENT CORPORATION and DOES 1 to 10,	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
17	Defendants.		
18			
19	TO THE UNITED STATES DIST	RICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN	
20	DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, AND TO	PLAINTIFFS AND THEIR ATTORNEY	
21	OF RECORD:		
22	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT Defendant OMNI HOTELS		
23	MANAGEMENT CORPORATION ("OMNI") and erroneously named Defendant		
24	OMNI HOTELS AND RESORTS <sup>1</sup> hereby remove to this Court the state-court		
25	action described below, and in support thereof state as follows:		
26	Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Sections 1332, 1441, and 1446, Omni removes the		
27	<del> </del>		
28	Omni Hotels and Resorts is not a distinct legal entity from Omni Hotels Management Corporation and has been erroneously named as a party to this lawsuit.		
	21490566	NOTICE OF REMOVAL TO UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	

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above-referenced action from the Superior Court of the State of California, for the County of San Diego, Case No. 37-2020-00026981-CU-BT-CTL, to the United States District Court, for the Southern District of California. Federal jurisdiction of this action is proper on the basis of diversity jurisdiction. Removal is based on the following grounds:

## **Timeliness of Removal**

- 1. On July 31, 2020, Plaintiff NANTILLE CHARBONNET ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of herself and all similarly situated individuals, filed a Complaint in the County of San Diego, Superior Court of the State of California, styled *Nantille* Charbonnet, on behalf of herself and all similarly situated individuals v. Omni Hotels and Resorts, Omni Hotels Management Corporation, and Does 1 to 10, which was assigned Case Number 37-2020-00026981-CU-BT-CJC ("State Action"). A true and correct copy of the Complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 2. Omni Hotels and Resorts, which is not a distinct legal entity, was served with a copy of the Summons and First Amended Complaint on August 11, 2020. Omni Hotels Management Corporation was served with a copy of the Summons and First Amended Complaint on September 4, 2020. True and correct copies of the Proofs of Service filed in the State Action are attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- Because fewer than thirty (30) days have passed since Omni received 3. notice of or was served with Plaintiff's Complaint, this notice is timely under 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b).

## **Parties**

4. Plaintiff is an individual residing in Los Angeles County, California. (Ex. A,  $\P$  1). For the purpose of diversity of citizenship, an individual is domiciled where she is a resident. See Kantor v. Wellesley Galleries, Ltd., 704 F.2d 1088, 1090 (9th Cir. 1983). Accordingly, Plaintiff is a resident of California for the purpose of diversity.

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- 5. Omni Hotels Management Corporation is a Delaware Corporation with its principal place of business in Texas. Omni Hotels and Resorts is an erroneously-named defendant and is not a distinct legal entity. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(1), "a corporation shall be deemed to be a citizen of every State and foreign state by which it has been incorporated and of the State or foreign state where it has its principal place of business." Thus, Omni is a citizen of Delaware and Texas for the purpose of diversity.
- 6. The citizenship of the fictitious defendants listed in paragraph four of the Complaint, Does 1 through 10, does not affect removal. Indeed, "[t]he citizenship of fictitious defendants is disregarded for removal purposes and becomes relevant only if and when the plaintiff seeks leave to substitute a named defendant." Soliman v. Philip Morris Inc., 311 F.3d 966, 971 (9th Cir. 2002) (citing 28 U.S.C. § 1441(b)).
- The citizenship of unnamed putative class members is also disregarded 7. for the purposes of diversity. Holt v. Noble House Hotels & Resort, Ltd., No. 17CV2246-MMA (BLM), 2018 WL 539176, at \*3 (S.D. Cal. Jan. 23, 2018).
- Because Plaintiff is a citizen of California, and because Omni is a 8. citizen of Delaware and Texas, complete diversity of citizenship exists for purposes of 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a).
- 9. When, as here, the plaintiff fails to specify in her complaint the total amount of the monetary relief sought, the defendant is required to provide only a plausible basis that the amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional limit set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1332. Park v. Jaguar Land Rover N. Am., LLC, No. 20-CV-00242-BAS-MSB, 2020 WL 3567275, at \*2 (S.D. Cal. July 1, 2020). Importantly, "[t]he amount in controversy is simply an estimate of the total amount in dispute, not a prospective assessment of defendant's liability." Lewis v. Verizon Commc'ns, Inc., 627 F.3d 395, 400 (9th Cir. 2010). In other words, "the amount in controversy

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reflects the maximum recovery the plaintiff could reasonably recover." Arias v. Residence Inn by Marriott, 936 F.3d 920, 927 (9th Cir. 2019) (emphasis added).

- Further, "a court *must* include future attorneys' fees recoverable by statute or contract when assessing whether the amount-in-controversy requirement is met." Fritsch v. Swift Transportation Co. of Arizona, LLC, 899 F.3d 785, 794 (9th Cir. 2018) (emphasis added). While a court may not attribute all of the attorneys' fees incurred in a putative class action to the named-plaintiff, the court must nevertheless include all attorneys' fees incurred prospectively to determine if the amount in controversy is satisfied, and apportion a pro-rata share of those fees to prosecuting the named-plaintiff's claims. See, e.g., Goldberg v. CPC Int'l, Inc., 678 F.2d 1365, 1366–67 (9th Cir. 1982).
- Here, it is almost certain that, if Plaintiff prevails on her three claims and recovers the relief she seeks, including restitution, actual damages, an award for serving as a class representative, and attorneys' fees, her recovery is going to exceed the \$75,000 jurisdictional threshold. Significantly, if successful, Plaintiff would be entitled to her attorneys' fees under Cal. Civ. Code § 1780(e) and Code of Civ. P. 1021.5. As an estimate of the amount of Plaintiff's attorneys' fees, in a recently-settled class action for wage and hour violations that did not go to trial or even reach the summary-judgment phase, counsel for Plaintiff, in seeking attorneys' fees, declared that he spent over 200 hours working on the matter and that his hourly rate was \$894 pursuant to the Laffey Matrix. See Emma Hart V. Marriott International, Inc. et al., 8:17-cv-2021-JVS-KES (C.D. Cal. June 17, 2019) (Dkt. No.'s 44 and 45). It is reasonable to infer that Plaintiff's counsel here will, in all likelihood, charge a similar fee. However, because that matter settled relatively early, it is likely that Plaintiff's counsel will expend more than 200 hours working on this matter. Conservatively, that means that the total attorneys' fees in this matter will exceed \$200,000. Further, in *Hart*, the individually-named plaintiff sought an award of \$7,500 to serve as the class representative. *Id.* (Dkt. No. 44).

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Here, again, it is reasonable to infer that Plaintiff will seek a comparable award if she is named class representative. Viewed in their totality, Plaintiff's restitution, actual damages, award for serving as class representative, and share of attorneys' fees likely will exceed \$75,000.

- Although Omni denies that it engages in the "drip pricing" scheme 12. alleged by Plaintiff and avers that it will prevail on the merits, it is at the very least plausible that Plaintiff will recover more than \$75,000. Indeed, Plaintiff's actual damages, restitution, and class award alone may exceed \$75,000. Moreover, when considered in light of Plaintiff's counsel's recent declaration that his rate is nearly \$900 and that he spent over 200 hours working on a class action that did not make it to the dispositive motion phase or to trial, it is plausible that fees in this matter will exceed those fees by a wide margin. Plaintiff's share of those fees will not be insignificant.
- For these reasons, removal of the State Action to this Court under 28 13. U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441, and 1446 is proper.

# **Additional Pleadings and Hearings**

- 14. True and correct copies of the Summons, Civil Action Cover Sheet, Notice of Case Assignment and Case Management Conference on Mandatory eFile Cases, and Notice of Confirmation of Electronic Filing are attached as Exhibit C.
- 15. Judge Timothy Taylor has set a Case Management Conference for April 2, 2021 at 9:30 a.m. in Department C-72. See Ex. C. No other hearings or proceedings have been scheduled and no further orders have been entered by the State Court.

# **Proper Court**

16. Removal to this Court is proper under 28 U.S.C. Section 1441(a) because the Superior Court of California, in and for the County of San Diego, is geographically located within this Court's district and division.

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17. Omni is serving a copy of this Notice of Removal on all adverse parties (i.e. Plaintiff via its counsel) and is filing a copy with the clerk of the state court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 1446(d). A true and correct copy of the Notice to Plaintiff of Removal (without exhibits) is attached to this Notice as Exhibit D.

# **Signature**

- This Notice of Removal is signed pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal 18. Rules of Civil Procedure. See 28 U.S.C. Section 1446(a).
- 19. By removing on the basis of diversity jurisdiction, Omni does not concede or make any admissions relating to the merit and/or value of Plaintiff's allegations, claims or damages, or that they have a valid cause of action. Omni denies many of the material allegations contained in the Complaint.

WHEREFORE, Omni respectfully removes the State Action from the state court in which it was filed to the United States District Court, in and for the Southern District of California, and further request that this Honorable Court issue all necessary orders and process and grant such other and further relief as in law and justice that Omni may be entitled to receive.

19 Dated: September 10, 2020 BROWNSTEIN HYATT FARBER SCHRECK, LLP

By: /s/ Jonathan C. Sandler Jonathan C. Sandler Attorneys for Defendant OMNI HOTELS MANAGEMENT CORPORATION and erroneously named Defendant OMNI HOTELS AND RESORTS

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# **PROOF OF SERVICE**

I, Patricia Cormier Herron, declare:

I am a citizen of the United States and employed in Los Angeles County, California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within-entitled action. My business address is Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP, 2049 Century Park East, Suite 3550, Los Angeles, California 90067. On September 10, 2020, I served a copy of the within document(s):

# NOTICE OF REMOVAL TO UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

- by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, the United States mail at Los Angeles, California addressed as set forth below.
- by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed Federal Express envelope and affixing a pre-paid air bill, and causing the envelope to be delivered to a Federal Express agent for delivery.
- by personally delivering the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.
- based on a court order or an agreement by the parties to accept service by electronic transmission, I caused the documents to be sent to the persons at the electronic notification listed below.

19 Adam Rose

20 FRONTIER LAW CENTER

23901 Calabasas Rd., #2074

21 Calabasas, CA 91302

Phone: 818.914.3433

Fax: 818.914.3433

Email: adam@frontierlawcenter.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

25 NANTILLE CHARBONNET, on behalf

of herself and all similarly situated

26 individuals

I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing

NOTICE OF REMOVAL TO UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the
U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the
ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service
is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than
one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on September 10 2020, at Los Angeles, California.

Patricia Cormier Herron